Investing in Food Security
UNCFD Programmatic Evolution in African LDCs

- PED and NRM
- Decentralization, NRM and FNS
- D/NRM/FNS/CC

Time (years)

Thematic integration/Capacity
Filling the Gap of Food Security Interventions

- FAO
- IFAD
- WFP
- UNICEF
- UNCDF (Local Food System)
Finance For Food (F4F) Theory of Change
Importance of Localization

– Missed during the MDGs formulation
– Recommended at the MDGs Midterm Evaluation
– Localization integrated into programmatic frameworks to achieve MDGs
– Discussed in the Post 2015 agenda and SDGs
Complexities of Local Food System

- Food systems combine food production (agricultural systems), with the diverse set of institutions, technologies, norms and practices that govern the way food is processed, transported, marketed, accessed and consumed.

- The local food system concept refers to a territorial dimension of the food system.
What is the F4F UNCDF Global Programme

- Multifaceted programme providing local financing in the form of grants, loans, guarantees, equity, and/or quasi-equity, as well as advisory services and capacity building support.
- Flexible toolkit of instruments customized to specific situations and conditions, thereby maximizing its impact depending on the country and local situations.
- Allows governments and development organizations to adapt its most promising and innovative development solutions and take them to scale, multiplying their overall impact.
HOW THE F4F OPERATES?

- Enhance the Public Expenditure Management System
- Focus on the domestic financial system
- Unlock domestic capital for Private scale investments
- Leveraging the capacities of Local Governments, private sector and civil society
- Targeting the relevant stakeholders involved in the LFS
1. Assessment of the overall Local Food System including stakeholders and their interactions
2. Definition of the scope of potential intervention of the Local Government;
3. Additional assessments within the proposed scope of intervention (developing a typology of potential Local Food and Nutrition Security investments including areas and types of households etc);
4. Incorporating Food and Nutrition Security in Local Development Plan (planning of specific interventions)
5. Programming of resources and Implementing Public, public-private resilient Food Security investments
Financing Mechanism of Local Food System (UNCDF/LDFP instruments)

**Microfinance** for households...

**Public investments** (LG) typically provide public economic goods through infrastructure projects such as roads, bridges, irrigation, drainage, market places, service centres etc. **LDF or municipal finance**

**Private investments** typically targeting the provision of marketable services or production that has a transformation effect on the local food system such as food processing, energy power grids etc. **LFI**

**Public / Private investments** typically provide collective goods that generate revenue and can be privately managed such as storage depots, markets, transportation facilities etc. **LFI or municipal finance**
Local Climate Adaptive Living Facility (LoCAL)
Providing Performance Based Climate Resilient Grant to Local Governments in LDCs to implement CC adaptation measures (including FNS resilient investments)
Joint FAO-OECD-UNCDF Initiative

Combine efforts based on comparative strengths:

1. OECD. knowledge generation, territorial/rural policy reviews and dialogue

2. UNCDF. Local governance and Investments of FNS, Local public financial management, policy dialogue and advocacy)

3. FAO national networks in the area of FNS and rural poverty, information, methodologies and national capacity development for FNS
Democratic Republic of Congo:

Integral Programme for the Rehabilitation of Agriculture in the Province of Maniema (PIRAM)
Thank you
Merci
Gracie

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